

Princess Margaret Hospital ANTIBIOGRAM

All Inpatients and Outpatients

January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2016

Blood Isolates – % Susceptible

			<div><div>≥80% Susceptible</div><div>70-79% Susceptible</div><div>≤69% Susceptible</div></div>																				
	#	%	Ampicillin	Amoxicillin-Clavulanic acid	Penicillin	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Meropenem	Ertapenem	Cloxacillin	Cefazolin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Doxycycline	Ciprofloxacin	Moxifloxacin	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Amikacin	Vancomycin	Linezolid
ALL BACTERIA	438	—	15	25		48	54	47		35	48							56					
ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA	139	100	8	41		69	98	69		34	56	65				60		61	87	85	94		
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	54	39	17	48		63	100	100		37	72	72				37		54	80	74	98		
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	28	20	0	96		93	100	100		89	96	96				96		93	100	96	100		
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	21	15				76	86					71				67			81	86	100		
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i> [†]	14	10															93	100					
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i>	7	5	0	0		0	100	86		0	0	0				100		57	86	86	100		
ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA	299	100	18	18	16	39	36	36	20	36	45		36	17				54				96	
Coagulase-negative staphylococci	166	56				28	28	28	28	28			42	15	88			62				100	100
Viridans group streptococci [*]	72	24			61						97											97	
<i>Enterococcus faecium</i> , all isolates	34	11	3	3		3																74	
- vancomycin-susceptible	25	8	4	4		4																100	
- vancomycin-resistant (VRE)	7	2	0	0		0																0	100
- vancomycin-susceptible (vanA+)	2	1	0	0		0																0	100
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , all isolates	17	6				82	82	82	82	82			65	65	94			100				100	100
- methicillin-susceptible	14	5				100	100	100	100	100			79	79	93			100				100	100
- methicillin-resistant (MRSA)	3	1				0	0	0	0	0			0	0	100			100				100	100
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> , all isolates	6	2	100	100		100																100	
- vancomycin-susceptible	6	2	100	100		100																100	
- vancomycin-resistant (VRE)	0	0																					

General Notes:

- Statistical validity of estimates of percent susceptibility for organisms for which there are fewer than 30 isolates reported is limited. Please take this into consideration when interpreting the reported results.
- Some organisms for which there were only very small numbers have been excluded from this report; however the total number of "ALL BACTERIA", "ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA", and "ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA" listed includes these organisms.
- Reported susceptibilities for "ALL BACTERIA", "ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA", and "ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA" reflect estimates only based on the weighted average of susceptibilities for all organisms included on this report as well as those that have been excluded, with assumptions made for those drugs for which susceptibilities were not tested.
- Susceptibility to doxycycline was predicted based on tetracycline susceptibility testing results.

Year-Specific Notes:

- Only a limited number of coagulase negative staphylococci isolates were tested for susceptibilities. The vast majority of coagulase-negative staphylococci are susceptible to vancomycin. If you have any questions, please contact the UHN/MSH Department of Microbiology.

Organism-Specific Notes:

- * Viridans group streptococci: Please note that only a small proportion of these isolates were tested for susceptibilities. Please take this into consideration when interpreting the reported results.

* *S. maltophilia*: Susceptibility to moxifloxacin was predicted based on levofloxacin susceptibility testing results.

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Respiratory Isolates — % Susceptible

			<div>≥80% Susceptible</div> <div>70-79% Susceptible</div> <div>≤69% Susceptible</div>																						
	#	%	Ampicillin	Amoxicillin-Clavulanic acid	Penicillin	Penicillin IV (meningitis)	Penicillin IV (non-meningitis)	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Meropenem	Ertapenem	Cloxacillin	Cefazolin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Doxycycline	Ciprofloxacin	Moxifloxacin	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Amikacin	Vancomycin	Linezolid
ALL BACTERIA	70	—	14	26				87	92	44			63							62					
ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA	44	100	16	34				85	95	18			51	84				75		32	88	92	96		
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	17	39						88	88					94				88			88	94	94		
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> ^^	11	25	64																						
<i>Moraxella catarrhalis</i> ^	5	11																							
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	4	9	0	25				25	100	100			50	50				50		50	75	75	100		
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	3	7	0	100				100	100	100			100	100				100		100	100	100	100		
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i> ^	3	7																	33	100					
ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA	26	100	12	12	12			88	88	88	77	88	81		80	68				100					100
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , all isolates	20	77						95	95	95	95	95			75	65	95			100				100	100
- methicillin-susceptible	19	73						100	100	100	100	100			74	68	95			100				100	100
- methicillin-resistant (MRSA)	1	4						0	0	0	0	0			100	0	100			100				100	100
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	3	12				100	100								100	100			100					100	
Coagulase-negative staphylococci	2	8						50	50	50	50	50			100	50	100			100				100	100
Viridans group streptococci^*	1	4											100											100	

General Notes:

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- Some organisms for which there were only very small numbers have been excluded from this report; however the total number of "ALL BACTERIA", "ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA", and "ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA" listed includes these organisms.
- Reported susceptibilities for "ALL BACTERIA", "ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA", and "ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA" reflect estimates only based on the weighted average of susceptibilities for all organisms included on this report as well as those that have been excluded, with assumptions made for those drugs for which susceptibilities were not tested.
- Susceptibility to doxycycline was predicted based on tetracycline susceptibility testing results.

Year-Specific Notes:

- Susceptibility for cefazolin are not available for Gram-negative isolates from non-sterile site specimens for the current year.

Organism-Specific Notes:

[^] *M. catarrhalis*: Susceptibility testing is not routinely performed. Most isolates are resistant to ampicillin and amoxicillin but are generally susceptible to other antibiotics commonly used for respiratory infections.

^{^^} *H. influenzae* and *H. parainfluenzae*: Susceptibility to ampicillin was determined using beta-lactamase testing. Beta-lactamase-positive isolates are resistant to ampicillin but are generally susceptible to amoxicillin-clavulanic acid and cefuroxime.

^{*} Viridans group streptococci: Please note that only a small proportion of these isolates were tested for susceptibilities. Please take this into consideration when interpreting the reported results.

[^] *S. maltophilia*: Susceptibility to moxifloxacin was predicted based on levofloxacin susceptibility testing results.

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Skin, Wound and Abscess Isolates – % Susceptible

			<div>≥80% Susceptible</div>			<div>70-79% Susceptible</div>			<div>≤69% Susceptible</div>																
	#	%	Ampicillin	Amoxicillin-Clavulanic acid	Penicillin	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Meropenem	Ertapenem	Cloxacillin	Cefazolin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Doxycycline	Ciprofloxacin	Moxifloxacin	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Amikacin	Vancomycin	Linezolid		
ALL BACTERIA	154	—	11	22		82	86	70			67							74							
ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA	61	100	12	39		78	97	57			45	80				83		50	95	92	98				
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	23	38				91	91					96				91			96	96	96				
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	14	23	43	71		93	100	100			93	93				64		79	93	86	100				
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	8	13	0	100		88	100	100			100	100				88		88	100	100	100				
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i>	5	8	0	100		100	100	100			100	100				100		80	100	100	100				
<i>Serratia marcescens</i>	2	3	0	0		0	100	100			0	0				100		100	100	50	100				
ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA	93	100	11	11	5	84	78	78	73	78	81		70	66				91				99			
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , all isolates	77	83				88	88	88	88	88			79	74	94			99				100	100		
- methicillin-susceptible	68	73				100	100	100	100	100			82	81	96			100				100	100		
- methicillin-resistant (MRSA)	9	10				0	0	0	0	0			56	22	78			89				100	100		
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> , all isolates	5	5	100	100		100																100			
- vancomycin-susceptible	5	5	100	100		100																100			
- vancomycin-resistant (VRE)	0	0																							
Group B streptococci**	3	3			100								33	33								100			
Coagulase-negative staphylococci	2	2				0	0	0	0	0			0	0	100			100				100	100		
<i>Enterococcus faecium</i> , all isolates	2	2	0	0		0																50			
- vancomycin-susceptible	1	1	0	0		0																100			
- vancomycin-resistant (VRE)	1	1	0	0		0																0			
- vancomycin-susceptible (vanA+)	0	0																							
Viridans group streptococci *	2	2									100											100			

General Notes:

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- Susceptibility to doxycycline was predicted based on tetracycline susceptibility testing results.

Year-Specific Notes:

- Susceptibility for cefazolin are not available for Gram-negative isolates from non-sterile site specimens for the current year.

Organism-Specific Notes:

** Beta-hemolytic streptococci: Susceptibility testing to penicillin is not routinely performed since resistant strains have not been recognized. All isolates are considered susceptible to penicillin.

* Viridans group streptococci: Please note that only a small proportion of these isolates were tested for susceptibilities. Please take this into consideration when interpreting the reported results.

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Blood Isolates – % Susceptible

			<div><div>≥80% Susceptible</div><div>70-79% Susceptible</div><div>≤69% Susceptible</div></div>																				
#	%		Ampicillin	Amoxicillin-Clavulanic acid	Penicillin	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Meropenem	Ertapenem	Cloxacillin	Cefazolin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Clindamycin	Erythromycin	Doxycycline	Ciprofloxacin	Moxifloxacin	Trimethoprim-Sulfamethoxazole	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Amikacin	Vancomycin	Linezolid
ALL BACTERIA	490	—	37	68		78	75	72		5	58							59					
ALL GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA	350	100	24	67		74	99	93			74	76				80		75	91	91	99		
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	202	58	35	80		85	100	100		0	88	88				73		72	89	89	100		
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	57	16	0	82		79	100	100		0	89	89				91		84	93	91	100		
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	18	5	78	94		94	100	100		0	94	94				83		83	94	94	100		
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i>	14	4	0	0		0	100	93		0	0	0				93		79	93	93	100		
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	12	3				75	83					83				92			100	100	100		
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i>	12	3	0	83		83	100	100		0	83	83				100		92	92	92	100		
<i>Citrobacter koseri</i>	8	2	0	0		0	100	100		0	0	0				100		100	100	100	100		
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i>	5	1															75	100					
<i>Enterobacter aerogenes</i>	5	1	0	0		0	100	100		0	0	0				100		100	100	100	100		
ALL GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA	140	100	69	69		86	18	18	18	18	18		12	12				19				97	
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> , all isolates	90	64	100	100		100																100	
- vancomycin-susceptible	90	64	100	100		100																100	
- vancomycin-resistant (VRE)	0	0																					
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , all isolates	26	19				92	92	92	92	92			66	62	96			100				100	100
- methicillin-susceptible	24	17				100	100	100	100	100			71	67	96			100				100	100
- methicillin-resistant (MRSA)	2	1				0	0	0	0	0			0	0	100			100				100	100
<i>Enterococcus faecium</i> , all isolates	19	14	10	10		10																84	
- vancomycin-susceptible	16	11	12	12		12																100	
- vancomycin-resistant (VRE)	3	2	0	0		0																0	100
- vancomycin-susceptible (vanA+)	0	0																					
<i>Enterococcus</i> species	3	2	100	100		100																100	

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- Susceptibility to doxycycline was predicted based on tetracycline susceptibility testing results.

Organism-Specific Notes:

" *S. saprophyticus* : Susceptibility testing is not routinely performed. Most urinary tract infections due to this organism respond to nitrofurantoin, trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole or fluoroquinolones.

' *S. maltophilia* : Susceptibility to moxifloxacin was predicted based on levofloxacin susceptibility testing results.

All Non-Urine Isolates – % Susceptible

General Notes:

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- Susceptibility to doxycycline was predicted based on tetracycline susceptibility testing results.

Year-Specific Notes:

- Susceptibility for cefazolin are not available for Gram-negative isolates from non-sterile site specimens for the current year.

Organism-Specific Notes:

- ^a *M. catarrhalis*: Susceptibility testing is not routinely performed. Most isolates are resistant to ampicillin and amoxicillin but are generally susceptible to other antibiotics commonly used for respiratory infections.
- [^] *H. influenzae* and *H. parainfluenzae*: Susceptibility to ampicillin was determined using beta-lactamase testing. Beta-lactamase-positive isolates are resistant to ampicillin but are generally susceptible to amoxicillin-clavulanic acid and cefuroxime.
- ^{**} Beta-hemolytic streptococci: Susceptibility testing to penicillin is not routinely performed since resistant strains have not been recognized. All isolates are considered susceptible to penicillin.
- ^o Viridans group streptococci: Please note that only a small proportion of these isolates were tested for susceptibilities. Please take this into consideration when interpreting the reported results.
- ⁱ *S. maltophilia*: Susceptibility to moxifloxacin was predicted based on levofloxacin susceptibility testing results.

